Senate Engrossed

FILED KEN BENNETT SECRETARY OF STATE

State of Arizona Senate Forty-ninth Legislature First Special Session 2009

CHAPTER 5

SENATE BILL 1005

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 12-267 AND 13-901, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO CRIMINAL JUSTICE BUDGET RECONCILIATION.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

Section 1. Section 12-267, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

12-267. Adult probation services fund; accounts; expenditure plan; use

- A. The board of supervisors shall designate a chief fiscal officer who shall establish and administer an adult probation services fund consisting of:
 - 1. County general fund appropriations for adult probation.
 - 2. State appropriations for adult probation including:
- (a) Monies for adult probation officers authorized by article 6 of this chapter.
- (b) Monies for state aid for adult probation services authorized by this article.
- (c) Monies for adult community punishment programs established pursuant to article 11 of this chapter.
- (d) Monies for adult intensive probation pursuant to title 13, chapter 9.
- (e) Monies received pursuant to section 12-270 that each county shall use for the following:
- (i) Increasing the availability of substance abuse treatment programs for probationers.
- (ii) Increasing the availability of risk reduction programs and interventions for probationers.
- (iii) Grants to nonprofit victim services organizations to partner with the probation department and the court to assist victims and increase the amount of restitution collected from probationers.
- 3. Probation fees collected pursuant to section 13-901 and section 13-902, subsection G.
 - 4. Federal monies provided for adult probation.
 - 5. Adult probation monies from any other source.
- B. The chief fiscal officer shall establish and maintain separate accounts in the fund showing receipts and expenditures of monies from each source listed in subsection A of this section. The presiding judge of the superior court shall annually present to the board of supervisors for approval a detailed expenditure plan for the adult probation services fund accounts. Any modifications to the expenditure plan affecting state appropriations shall be made in accordance with the rules and procedures established by the supreme court. Any modifications to the expenditure plan affecting county appropriated funds shall be made in accordance with the policies established by the county. The chief fiscal officer shall disburse monies from the fund accounts only at the direction of the presiding judge of the superior court. The chief fiscal officer of each county, on or before August 31 of each year for the preceding fiscal year, shall submit an annual

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report to the supreme court showing the total amount of receipts and expenditures in each account of the adult probation services fund.

- C. The state monies in the adult probation services fund, and probation fees collected pursuant to section 13-901 and section 13-902, subsection G, shall be used in accordance with guidelines established by the supreme court or the granting authority.
- D. State monies expended from the adult probation services fund shall be used to supplement, not supplant, county appropriations for the superior court adult probation department.
- E. Monies in the adult probation services fund shall be used to pay the annual assessment on member states of the interstate compact for the supervision of adult offenders established in section 31-467, article X, subsection B.
- F. County monies in the adult probation services fund shall be used in accordance with the fiscal policies and procedures established by the board of supervisors.
- G. The administrative office of the courts shall periodically charge each local probation fees account an amount established annually by the supreme court to cover a proportional share of the cost of monitoring devices required pursuant to section 13-902, subsection G consistent with guidelines established to implement section 13-902, subsection G.
- H. THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS SHALL CHARGE ANNUALLY THE LOCAL PROBATION FEES ACCOUNT OF EACH COUNTY AN AMOUNT THAT IS ESTABLISHED ANNUALLY BY THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS TO REFLECT EACH COUNTY'S PORTION OF THE SUPERIOR COURT RISK MANAGEMENT PREMIUM THAT IS ALLOCATED TO THE JUDICIARY.
 - Sec. 2. Section 13-901, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 13-901. Probation
- A. If a person who has been convicted of an offense is eligible for probation, the court may suspend the imposition or execution of sentence and, if so, shall without delay place the person on intensive probation supervision pursuant to section 13–913 or supervised or unsupervised probation on such terms and conditions as the law requires and the court deems appropriate, including participation in any programs authorized in title 12, chapter 2, article 11. If a person is not eligible for probation, imposition or execution of sentence shall not be suspended or delayed. If the court imposes probation, it may also impose a fine as authorized by chapter 8 of this title. If probation is granted the court shall impose a condition that the person waive extradition for any probation revocation procedures and it shall order restitution pursuant to section 13-603, subsection C where there is a victim who has suffered economic loss. When granting probation to an adult the court, as a condition of probation, shall assess a monthly fee of not less than fifty SIXTY-FIVE dollars unless, after determining the inability of the probationer to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee. In justice and municipal courts the fee shall only be

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assessed when the person is placed on supervised probation. For persons placed on probation in the superior court, the fee shall be paid to the clerk of the superior court and the clerk of the court shall pay all monies collected from this fee to the county treasurer for deposit in the adult probation services fund established by section 12–267. For persons placed on supervised probation in the justice court, the fee shall be paid to the justice court and the justice court shall transmit all of the monies to the county treasurer for deposit in the adult probation services fund established by section 12-267. For persons placed on supervised probation in the municipal court, the fee shall be paid to the municipal court. The municipal court shall transmit all of the monies to the city treasurer who shall transmit the monies to the county treasurer for deposit in the adult probation services fund established by section 12-267. Any amount greater than forty dollars of the fee assessed pursuant to this subsection shall only be used to supplement monies currently used for the salaries of adult probation and surveillance officers and for support of programs and services of the superior court adult probation departments.

- B. The period of probation shall be determined according to section 13-902, except that if a person is released pursuant to section 31-233, subsection B and community supervision is waived pursuant to section 13-603, subsection K, the court shall extend the period of probation by the amount of time the director of the state department of corrections approves for the inmate's temporary release.
- C. The court, in its discretion, may issue a warrant for the rearrest of the defendant and may modify or add to the conditions or, if the defendant commits an additional offense or violates a condition, may revoke probation in accordance with the rules of criminal procedure at any time before the expiration or termination of the period of probation. If the court revokes the defendant's probation and the defendant is serving more than one probationary term concurrently, the court may sentence the person to terms of imprisonment to be served consecutively.
- D. At any time during the probationary term of the person released on probation, any probation officer, without warrant or other process and at any time until the final disposition of the case, may rearrest any person and bring the person before the court.
- E. The court, on its own initiative or on application of the probationer, after notice and an opportunity to be heard for the prosecuting attorney and, on request, the victim, may terminate the period of probation or intensive probation and discharge the defendant at a time earlier than that originally imposed if in the court's opinion the ends of justice will be served and if the conduct of the defendant on probation warrants it.

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- F. When granting probation the court may require that the defendant be imprisoned in the county jail at whatever time or intervals, consecutive or nonconsecutive, the court shall determine, within the period of probation, as long as the period actually spent in confinement does not exceed one year or the maximum period of imprisonment permitted under chapter 7 of this title, whichever is the shorter.
- G. If restitution is made a condition of probation, the court shall fix the amount of restitution and the manner of performance pursuant to chapter 8 of this title.
- H. When granting probation, the court shall set forth at the time of sentencing and on the record the factual and legal reasons in support of each sentence.
- I. If the defendant meets the criteria set forth in section 13-901.01 or 13-3422, the court may place the defendant on probation pursuant to either section. If a defendant is placed on probation pursuant to section 13-901.01 or 13-3422, the court may impose any term of probation that is authorized pursuant to this section and that is not in violation of section 13-901.01.

Sec. 3. <u>Conforming legislation</u>

The legislative council staff shall prepare proposed legislation conforming the Arizona Revised Statutes to the provisions of this act for consideration in the forty-ninth legislature, first regular session.

PPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR JANUARY 31, 2009.

FILE IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE FEBRUARY 2, 2009.

